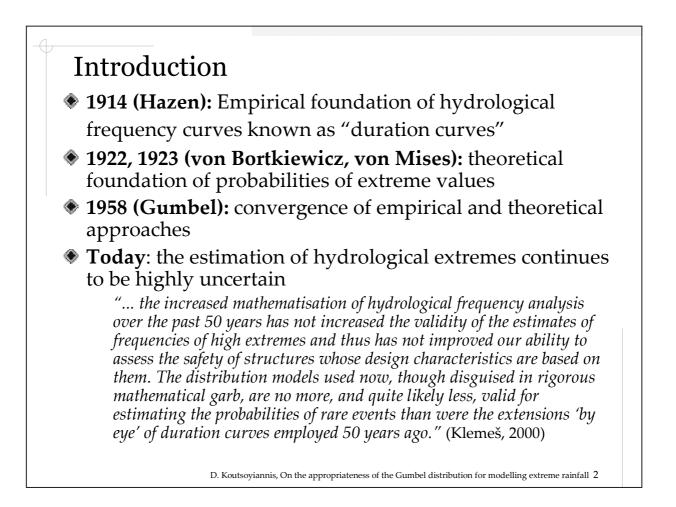
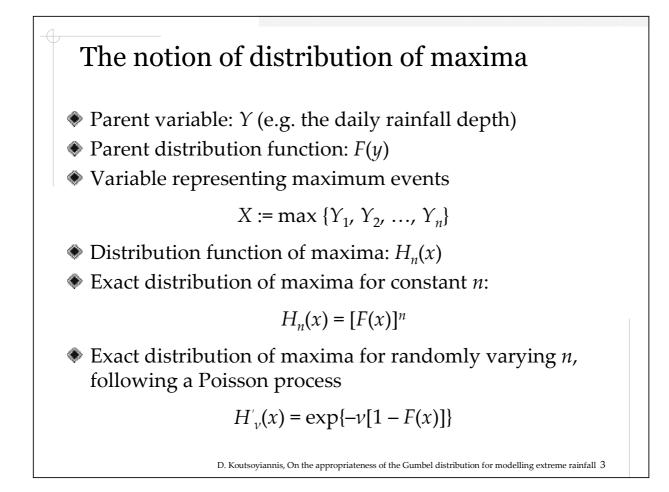
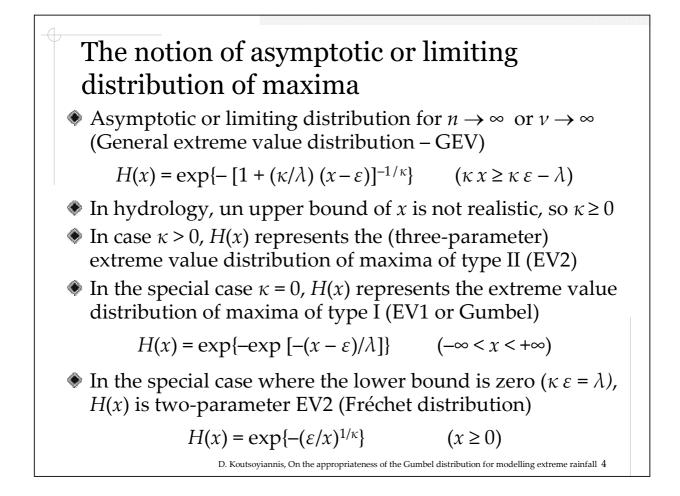
Hydrological Risk: Recent advances in peak river flow modelling, prediction and real-time forecasting - Assessment of the impacts of land-use and climate changes ESF LESC Exploratory Workshop, Bologna, Italy, October 24-25 2003

On the appropriateness of the Gumbel distribution for modelling extreme rainfall

Demetris Koutsoyiannis Department of Water Resources, School of Civil Engineering, National Technical University, Athens, Greece



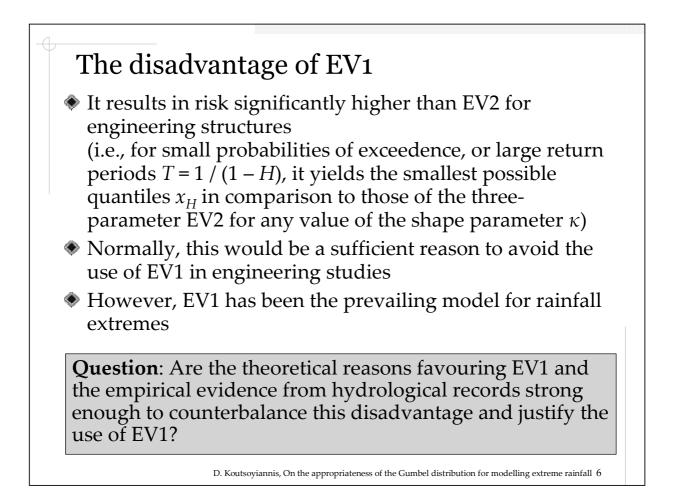


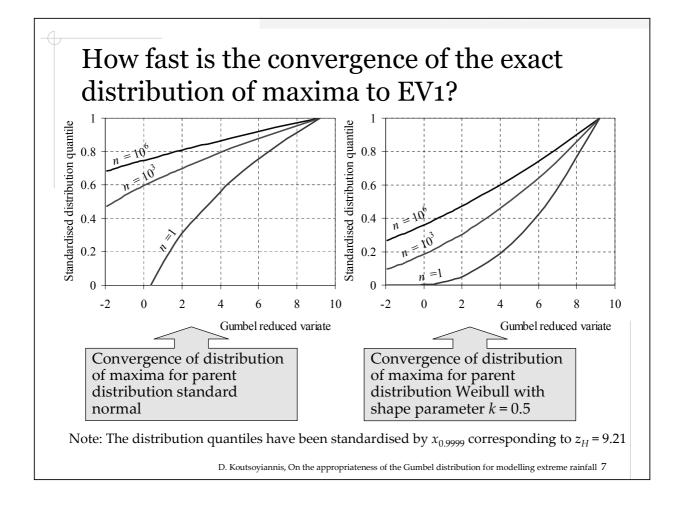


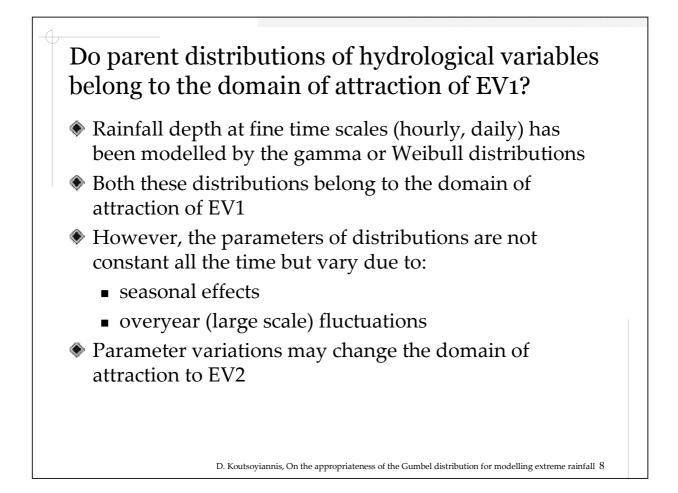
## Why EV1 is so common in hydrology?

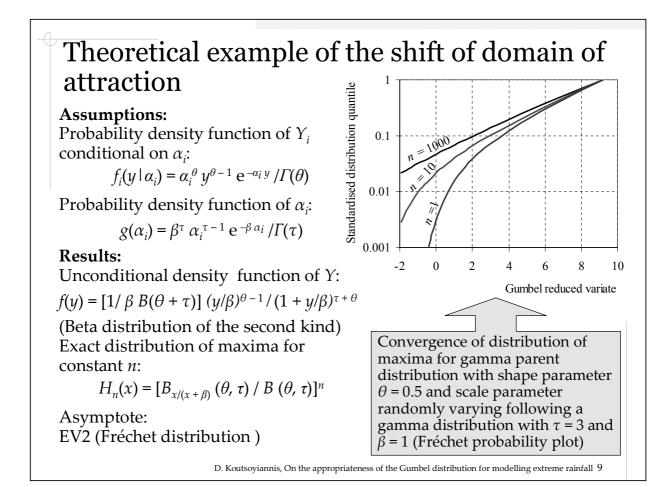
- Theoretical reasons: Most types of parent distributions functions used in hydrology, such as exponential, gamma, Weibull, normal, lognormal, and EV1 itself belong to the domain of attraction of the Gumbel distribution
- Simplicity: The mathematical handling of the two-parameter EV1 is much simpler than that of the three-parameter EV2
- Accuracy of estimated parameters: Two parameters are more accurately estimated than three
- Practical reasons: EV1 offers a linear probability plot (Gumbel probability plot) of observed  $x_H$  vs. observed  $z_H := -\ln(-\ln H)$  (Gumbel reduced variate); in contrast, a linear probability plot is not possible for the EV2, unless it is twoparameter (Fréchet), which offers a linear plot of  $\ln x_H$  vs.  $z_H$
- Note: Empirical evidence shows that, in most cases (especially in rainfall maxima) plots of  $x_H$  vs.  $z_H$  give more straight-line arrangements than plots of  $\ln x_H$  vs.  $z_H$

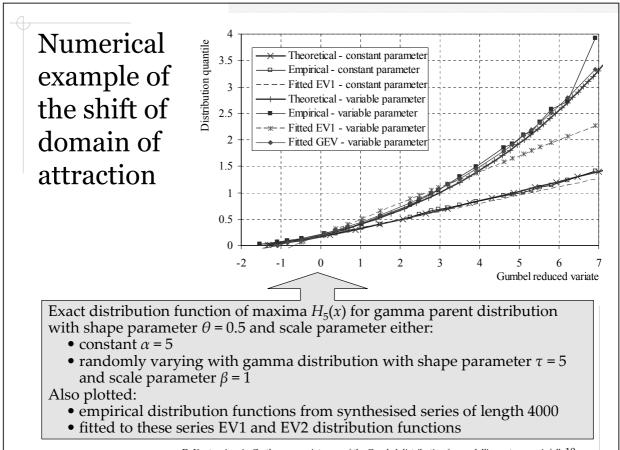
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